

HOROLENSKI J.Z. Oddzialu Neurologiczno-Psychiatrycznego Państwowego Szpitala sw. Lazarza w Krakowie. Leczenie polpasca Treatment of neurotropic virus disease Przegl. Lek. 1950, 6/3 (77-79)

Nine serious cases of herpes zoster were successfully treated by intravenous injections of nitrogranulogen, given daily in a dose of 1 mg. in 10 ml. of saline solution for 4-5 days. The injection should be made immediately after opening the ampoule which ought not to be older than three months.

Bogdanowicz - Warsaw (XX, 6, 8, 13)

So: Neurology & Psychiatry Section VIII, Vol. 4, No. 1-6

HORODENSKI, Jozef; MARUCHA, Regina

Considerations on Heine-Medin disease according to observations
during 1941. Neurologia etc. polska 4 no.6:609-618 Nov-Dec 54.

1. Z Kliniki Chorob "erwowych Akademii Medycznej w Krakowie.
Kierownik: prof. dr Wl.Jakimowicz.
(POLIOMYELITIS, epidemiology,
in Poland, clin. aspects)

L 23040-00	BWT(1)	SCTB	DD
ACC NR:	AP6011805	SOURCE CODE:	UR/0233/66/012/002/0246/0253
42 13			
AUTHOR: <u>Horodets'ka, S. F.--Gorodetskaya, S. P.; Kerova, N. I.</u>			
ORG: Biophysics Section, Institute of Physiology im. A. A. Bogomolets, Academy of Sciences URSR, Kiev (Sektor biofiziki Institutu fiziolohichyil Akademiyi nauk URSR)			
TITLE: Changes in some functional and biochemical indexes in the testicles of animals exposed to 3 cm radiowaves			
SOURCE: Fiziologichnyy zhurnal, v. 12, no. 2, 1966, 246-253			
TOPIC TAGS: microwave, animal physiology, biochemistry, microwave effect, animal genetics			
ABSTRACT: Experiments were conducted on young male white mice weighing 20--22 g. These animals were exposed to 3 cm microwaves with a power density of 0.4 w/cm ² for 5 min. The microwave source was a magnetron generator (557 cps, 60 kw, mean power — 34.5 w). The effects of the microwaves were evaluated as follows: 1) breeding ability of irradiated and control animals; 2) the number and condition of the progeny of irradiated animals; 3) the number of stillborn progeny from irradiated mice; 4) histological examination of the testicles of irradiated mice; 5) the DNA content of the testicles of irradiated mice. The results were statistically pro-			
Card 1/2			

L 23048-66

ACC NR: AP6011805

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cessed for reliability. It was found that microwaves had a deleterious effect on the testicles characterized by decreased breeding ability, an increase in the number of stillborn progeny, injury to spermatozoa, and a reduction in DNA content. The microwave effect was most pronounced immediately after irradiation and on the fifth day.
Orig. art. has: 5 tables and 2 figures. [CD]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 002/ ATD PRESS: 4234

Card 2/2 F1

HORODICEANU, F. - Reviewer-

SURNAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Rumania

Academic Degrees: -not given-

Affiliation: -not given-

Source: Bucharest, Microbiologie, Parazitologie, Epidemiologie, Vol VI,
No 5, Sep-Oct 1961, pp 470-471.

Data: "World Health Organization. Committee of Experts on Poliomyelitis
(The Third Report). Technical Reports Series, 1960, No 203)."'

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HORODKO, Janina

1964

DECEASED

c. '64

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HORODKO, W.

ZEBROWSKI, T.; HORODKO, W.

Studies on the toxicity of streptomycin. Polski tygod lek. 5
no.31-32:1172-1173 7 Aug 50. (CLML 20:5)

1. Of the Academical Sanatorium in Zakopane (Director--St.Jasinski, M.D.) and of the Clinic for Tuberculosis of the Lungs of Gdansk Medical Academy (Head--Prof.M.Telatycki, M.D.).

DYBICKY, J; HORODKO, W.

Colloidal contents of plasma and morphology of blood in patients
who underwent collapsotherapy. Gruzlica, Warsz. 20 no. 1:89-98
Jan-Feb 1952. (CIML 22:8)

1. Of the Second Surgical Clinic (Head--Prof. K. Debicki, M. D.)
of Gdansk Medical Academy.

BORDZILOWSKA, Irena; HORODKO, Wladyslaw; SKALSKI, Karol

Bilioduodenal fistulas in perforating duodenal ulcer. Polski
przegl. radiol. 20 no.3:167-173 May-June 56.

l. Z Zakladu Radiologii AM w Gdansku. Kier.: prof. dr.
W. Grabowski. Z II Kliniki Chirur. AM w Gdansku. Kier.: prof.
dr. K. Debicki. Z III Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych w Gdansku.
Kier.: prof. dr. J. Penson. A.M. Gdansk. Zaklad Radiologii.

(PEPTIC ULCER, perforation,
with bilioduodenal fistula (Pol))

(BILIARY TRACT, fistula,
bilioduodenal in perf. duodenal ulcer (Pol))

(DUODENUM, fistula,
same (Pol))

(FISTULA,
same)

MALECKA-DYMICKA, St.; HORODKO, Wl.

Case of constrictive pericarditis in a 9-year-old infant. Pediat. pol. no. 34 no. 2:186-192 Feb 59.

1. Z I Kliniki Chroob Dzieciecych A. M. w Gdansku Kierownik: prof. dr med. K. Erecinski i z Kliniki Chirurgicznej A. M. w Gdansku Kierownik: prof. dr med K. Debicki. Adres: Dr. St. Malecka-Dymnicka, Gdansk - Wrzeszcz ul. Grunwaldzka 126, klatka A. m. 5.

(PERICARDITIS, ADHESIVE in inv. & child,
case report (Pol))

HORODNICIENE, M.

On eye injurries and their sequale in agricultural workers.
Sveik. apsaug. 8 no.11:15-17 '63.

l. Vilniaus Valst. V. Kapsuko v. universiteto Medicinos
fakultetas.

(AGRICULTURAL WORKERS DISEASES)
(EYE INJURIES) (STATISTICS)

IONESCU-MIHAIESTI, C., Acad.; GANCEVICI, G., dr.; HORODNICEANU, F., dr.
KLEIN, R., dr.; MARCOVICI, M., dr.; VOICULESCU, H., dr.

Epidemiology of poliomyelitis: epidemiological aspects of
poliomyelitis in the Rumanian People's Republic. Rev. igiena
microb. epidem., Bucur. Vol.3:3-18 July-Sept 55.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Institutul de immunologie Bucuresti.
Director, Acad. C. Ionescu-Mihaiesti.
(POLIOMYELITIS, epidemiology
in Rumania.

IONESCU-MIHAIESTI, C., academician; KLEIN, R.; HORODNICHANU, F.;
ZAMFIRESCU, M.

Studies on the Coxsackie virus. I. Strains recently isolated and
study of the relations between the human and experimental disease.
Stud. cercet. inframicrobiol., Bucur. 6 no.3-4:461-468 July-Dec 1955.

(COXSACKIE VIRUSES
strains isolated from polio. & polyradiculoneuritis patients
& from normal subjects)

(POLIOMYELITIS
isolation of Coxsackie virus from two cases)

(POLYNEURITIS
polyradiculoneuritis, isolation of Coxsackie virus from)

Horodniceanu, F.

SERGDESCU, D.; HORODNICEANU, F.; KLEIN, R.; ZAMFIRESCU, M.

Studies on the Coxsackie virus. II. Attempted culture of strains
of Coxsackie virus isolated in the Rumanian People's Republic on
mouse embryo tissue cultures. Stud. cercet. inframicrobiol., Bucur.
6 no.3-4:469-476 July-Dec. 1955.

(COXSACKIE VIRUS, culture

attempted adaptation of strains isolated in Rumania to
culture in vitro, using mouse embryo tissues)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 17 Vol 5/2 Public Health Feb 59

511. POLIOMYELITIS IN RUMANIA IN 1956. III. PRESENCE OF POLIO AND RELATED VIRUSES IN RELATION TO CERTAIN CLINICAL AND EPI-DEMOLOGICAL FINDINGS - Recherches sur la poliomylérite en Roumanie, en 1956. III. Considérations sur la présence des virus poliomylétiques et d'autres virus apparentés, en rapport avec certaines données cliniques et épidémiologiques - Horodniceanu F., Klein R., Sergescu D., Marcovici M., Zamfirescu M. and Buimovici E. - ARCH.

ROUM. PATH. EXP. MICROBIOL. 1957, 16/3 (457-465) Tables 7

The morbidity in 1956 was 3 times the average for the preceding 5 yr. Laboratory studies on material from 362 patients, 146 contacts and 38 autopsies are reported. Viruses were isolated from 24.7% of the patients; 87 (91.5%) of these were polio viruses, 5 (5.4%) Coxsackie viruses and 3 (3.1%) unidentified enteropathogens. In the contact group, however, viruses were isolated from only 0.9%; 84.6% of these were polio and 15.0% Coxsackie. Attempted isolation from spinal cord material from the fatal cases gave a positive result in 51.3%. The percentage of positive findings decreased with increasing duration of the illness; 28.2% in the 1st and 2nd weeks, 21.6% in the 3rd and 4th and 16.2% in the 5th and 6th weeks. The number of viruses isolated from patients aged 0-6 yr. was greater (27.5%) than in the older age groups (5%). Positive virological findings were 3 times as common in paralytic as in non-paralytic cases. Virus type III was responsible for only sporadic cases, both inside and outside the epidemic area. One type III virus was isolated from a patient in whom a type I virus had been found 3 weeks previously. The possibility of a hospital infection is considered. The characteristics of 2 epidemic foci are discussed; one consisted of paralytic cases with complete recovery, and Coxsackie virus was found exclusively; the other consisted of non-paralytic cases, and polio viruses were found exclusively. Attention is drawn to the small number of Coxsackie infections and to the absolute necessity of laboratory investigation to distinguish between Coxsackie and polio infections. The 3 unidentified strains probably belonged to the APC group. (L, 4, 17)

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HORODNICEANU, Fl., dr.; KLEIN, R., dr.

Tissue cultures in virology, Pt. 2. Microbiologia (Bucur)
3 no.5:457-469 S-0'58.

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RUM/2-11-9-2/42

17(2)

AUTHORS: Ionescu-Mihăiești, C., Academician, Director, and
Horodniceanu, F., Doctor, Chief of Laboratory

TITLE: Aspects of Rumanian Research into Poliomyelitis

PERIODICAL: Stiință și Tehnică, Seria a II-a, Vol 11, Nr 9, pp 6-7
(RUM)

ABSTRACT: The Rumanian scientist Constantin Levaditi was one of the first scientists to prove that infantile paralysis is caused by an infectious agent. Experimental study of poliomyelitis in Rumania was started by Professor Cantacuzino in the Institutul "Dr. I. Cantacuzino" (Institute) 30 years ago. Aided by the Ministerul Sănătății și Prevederilor Sociale (Ministry of Public Health and Social Welfare) and the Academia R.P.R. (R.P.R. Academy), experimental studies on poliomyelitis were restarted by the "Dr. I. Cantacuzino" Institute in 1949. Studies of a number of virus strains isolated in Rumania, revealed that the viruses belonged to type I, out of 3 types. It could be proved that some di-

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SERGIESCO, Dina; KLEIN, R.; HORODNICEANU, F.

Character of plaque formation by polioviruses in various common cell culture system. Arch. Roum. path. exp. microbicel. 20 no.1:115-127 Mr '61.

1. Poliomyelitis Department of the Dr. I. Cantacuzino Institute.
(POLIOMYELITIS VIRUSES culture)

HORODNICEANU, Fl.; SERGIESCO, Dina; KLEIN, I.

Simplified procedure for the concentration and partial purification
of poliomyelitis virus. Arch. roum. path. exp. microbiol. 21 no.1:
171-179 Mr '62.

1. Travail de l'Institut "Dr. I. Cantacuzino" — Service de la
Poliomyelite. (POLIOVIRUS) (VIRUS CULTIVATION)

HORODNICEANU, Fl.; SERGIESCO, Dina; KLEIN, R.; ZAMFIRESCO, M.; AUBERT-COMIESCO, A.; BRUCKNER, Illeana, assistante medicale.

Research on the nature of the guanidine resistance of type 1 poliovirus and on the biological properties of its mutants.
Arch. roum. path. exp. microbiol. 23 no.3:719-724 S'63

1. Trabaj de l'Institut "Dr. I.Cantacuzino"; Service de la Poliomielite. Bucarest.